In the Claims:

(Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing a module, the method comprising:
providing a device that includes a connection area extending over a top surface of the
device, wherein the connection area comprises a compliant 3D structure;

applying a casting compound over the top surface of the device so that the connection area protrudes through the casting compound;

after applying a casting compound, reducing a thickness of the casting compound so that the connection area protrudes through the casting compound; and

after applying a casting compound, electrically coupling the connection area to a terminal of a second apparatus.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the second apparatus comprises a printed circuit board, the method further comprising, after applying the casting compound, mounting the module to the printed circuit board.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the second apparatus comprises a lead frame, the method further comprising, after forming the casting compound, attaching the module to the lead frame.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein electrically coupling the connection area comprises soldering the connection area to the terminal.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the connection area is formed ever a compliant 3D structure comprises a compliant base element, on which an electrically conductive structure of metal is applied.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the connection area compliant 3D structure comprises at least one of a solder ball, a μ spring or a soft bump.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the device comprises a semiconductor wafer.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 and further comprising separating the wafer into a plurality of individual chips, wherein the casting compound is applied to the wafer before the separating.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein separation corridors between the chips on the wafer are exposed before the separating.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the separation corridors are exposed by a photolithographic process.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the separation corridors are exposed with use of a laser beam.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the wafer is cooled to a temperature at which the casting compound is adequately brittle before separating the wafer into a plurality of individual chips.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the casting compound is applied uniformly by spraying, dispensing or printing.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the casting compound has thermal and mechanical properties comparable to those of silicon.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the casting compound comprises a siliconbased material.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the casting compound comprises a thermoplastic material.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the casting compound comprises an epoxy resin.
- 18. (Canceled).
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[18]] 1 wherein the thickness of the casting compound is reduced by thermal removal.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[18]] 1 wherein the thickness of the casting compound is reduced by etching.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method for improving the mechanical properties of a BOC module arrangement in which chips have 3D structures which are mechanically and electrically connected by means of solder connections to terminal contacts on a printed circuit board or

leadframe, the method characterized in that a casting compound is applied over the top surface of the device, and excess thickness of the casting compound is removed, provided for the chips in such a way that tips of the 3D structures protrude from the compound, wherein the 3D structures comprise compliant 3D structures.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein the compliant 3D structure 22. comprises structures comprise a structure selected from the group consisting of solder balls, µ springs.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein the compliant 3D structures 23. comprises compliant 3D structures and soft bumps structure comprises a compliant base element. on which an electrically conductive structure of metal is applied.
- (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the chips comprise a plurality of chips on a 24. semiconductor wafer.
- (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the chips comprise individual semiconductor 25. dies.